

6-15-2016

1866, July 26 - 14 Stat. 251, Act Granting Right of Way to Ditch and Canal Owners over Public Land

Follow this and additional works at: https://digitalcommons.csumb.edu/hornbeck_usa_2_d



Part of the [Arts and Humanities Commons](#), [Education Commons](#), [Law Commons](#), and the [Social and Behavioral Sciences Commons](#)

Recommended Citation

"1866, July 26 - 14 Stat. 251, Act Granting Right of Way to Ditch and Canal Owners over Public Land" (2016). *US Government Legislation and Statutes*. 13.
https://digitalcommons.csumb.edu/hornbeck_usa_2_d/13

This Article is brought to you for free and open access by the Federal Government Documents at Digital Commons @ CSUMB. It has been accepted for inclusion in US Government Legislation and Statutes by an authorized administrator of Digital Commons @ CSUMB. For more information, please contact digitalcommons@csumb.edu.

BY AUTHORITY OF CONGRESS.

THE
Statutes at Large, Treaties,
AND
PROCLAMATIONS,
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

FROM
DECEMBER, 1865, TO MARCH, 1867.

Arranged in Chronological Order and carefully collated with the
Originals at Washington.

WITH
REFERENCES TO THE MATTER OF EACH ACT AND TO THE SUBSEQUENT
ACTS ON THE SAME SUBJECT.

EDITED BY
GEORGE P. SANGER,
COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

The rights and interest of the United States in the stereotype plates from which this work is printed are hereby recognized, acknowledged, and declared by the publishers, according to the provisions of the joint resolution of Congress, passed March 8, 1845.

VOL. XIV.

BOSTON:
LITTLE, BROWN, AND COMPANY
1868.

CHAP. CCLIII. — *An Act to grade East Capitol Street and establish Lincoln Square.* July 25, 1866.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the commissioner of public buildings be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed, in such manner as he may deem most proper, to cause East Capitol Street to be graded from Third Street east to Eleventh Street east, and to cause the square at the intersection of said street with Massachusetts, North Carolina, Tennessee, and Kentucky avenues, between Eleventh and Thirteenth streets east, to be enclosed with a wooden fence, and the same shall be known as Lincoln Square. And the sum of fifteen thousand dollars is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to enable the said improvement to be made.

East Capitol Street to be graded and Lincoln Square enclosed.

Appropriation.

APPROVED, July 25, 1866

CHAP. CCLIV. — *An Act in Relation to the unlawful Tapping of Government Water Pipes.* July 25, 1866.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the unlawful tapping of any water pipe laid down in the District of Columbia by authority of the United States is hereby declared to be a misdemeanor and an indictable offence; and any person who may be indicted for and convicted of such offence in the criminal court of the District of Columbia shall be subject to such fine as the court may think proper to impose, not exceeding five hundred dollars, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year. And it is hereby made the special duty of the commissioner of public buildings to bring to the notice of the attorney of the United States for the District of Columbia, or to the grand jury, any infraction of this law.

Unlawful tapping of government water pipes punishable by fine or imprisonment.

Commissioner of public buildings to prosecute.

APPROVED, July 25, 1866.

CHAP. CCLV. — *An Act to authorize the Entry and Clearance of Vessels at the Port of Calais, Maine.* July 25, 1866.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, from and after the passage of this act, the Secretary of the Treasury may authorize, under such regulations as he shall deem necessary, the deputy collector of customs at the port of Calais, in the State of Maine, to enter and clear vessels, and to perform such other official acts as the said Secretary shall think advisable.

Deputy collector of customs at Calais, Me., may enter and clear vessels, &c.

APPROVED, July 25, 1866.

CHAP. CCLXII. — *An Act granting the Right of Way to Ditch and Canal Owners over the Public Lands, and for other Purposes.* July 26, 1866

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the mineral lands of the public domain, both surveyed and unsurveyed, are hereby declared to be free and open to exploration and occupation by all citizens of the United States, and those who have declared their intention to become citizens, subject to such regulations as may be prescribed by law, and subject also to the local customs or rules of miners in the several mining districts, so far as the same may not be in conflict with the laws of the United States.

Mineral lands declared open to occupation to all citizens, &c. subject to regulations, &c.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted,* That whenever any person or association of persons claim a vein or lode of quartz, or other rock in place, bearing gold, silver, cinnabar, or copper, having previously occupied and improved the same according to the local custom or rules of miners in the district where the same is situated, and having expended in actual labor and improvements thereon an amount of not less than one thousand dol-

Persons, &c. claiming, without opposition, any vein of quartz-bearing gold, &c. having occupied and made expenditures on the

same, and filing diagram, may enter the tract and receive a patent therefor.

Patent to grant what.

After filing diagram of tract claimed, what proceedings to be had before patent issues. Notice to be published.

Survey of plat of premises.

Payment of five dollars per acre, and costs of survey, &c.

Survey, plat, &c. to cover only one vein, to be named in patent.

Proceedings when the location and entry of mine are upon unsurveyed lands.

Location not to exceed 200 feet along vein, with additional claim for discoverer, and right to follow vein to any depth, &c.

Limit to number and extent of locations.

Further condition of sale, and to be expressed in patent.

Where adverse claimants appear, proceedings stayed until right is settled.

Patent then to issue.

President may establish additional land districts, &c for purposes of this act
See *Post*, p. 470.

lars, and in regard to whose possession there is no controversy or opposing claim, it shall and may be lawful for said claimant or association of claimants to file in the local land office a diagram of the same, so extended laterally or otherwise as to conform to the local laws, customs, and rules of miners, and to enter such tract and receive a patent therefor, granting such mine, together with the right to follow such vein or lode with its dips, angles, and variations, to any depth, although it may enter the land adjoining, which land adjoining shall be sold subject to this condition.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That upon the filing of the diagram as provided in the second section of this act, and posting the same in a conspicuous place on the claim, together with a notice of intention to apply for a patent, the register of the land office shall publish a notice of the same in a newspaper published nearest to the location of said claim, and shall also post such notice in his office for the period of ninety days; and after the expiration of said period, if no adverse claim shall have been filed, it shall be the duty of the surveyor-general, upon application of the party, to survey the premises and make a plat thereof, indorsed with his approval, designating the number and description of the location, the value of the labor and improvements, and the character of the vein exposed; and upon the payment to the proper officer of five dollars per acre, together with the cost of such survey, plat, and notice, and giving satisfactory evidence that said diagram and notice have been posted on the claim during said period of ninety days, the register of the land office shall transmit to the general land office said plat, survey, and description; and a patent shall issue for the same thereupon. But said plat, survey, or description shall in no case cover more than one vein or lode, and no patent shall issue for more than one vein or lode, which shall be expressed in the patent issued.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That when such location and entry of a mine shall be upon unsurveyed lands, it shall and may be lawful, after the extension thereto of the public surveys, to adjust the surveys to the limits of the premises according to the location and possession and plat aforesaid, and the surveyor-general may, in extending the surveys, vary the same from a rectangular form to suit the circumstances of the country and the local rules, laws, and customs of miners: *Provided*, That no location hereafter made shall exceed two hundred feet in length along the vein for each locator, with an additional claim for discovery to the discoverer of the lode, with the right to follow such vein to any depth, with all its dips, variations, and angles, together with a reasonable quantity of surface for the convenient working of the same as fixed by local rules: *And provided further*, That no person may make more than one location on the same lode, and not more than three thousand feet shall be taken in any one claim by any association of persons.

SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That as a further condition of sale, in the absence of necessary legislation by Congress, the local legislature of any State or Territory may provide rules for working mines involving easements, drainage, and other necessary means to their complete development; and those conditions shall be fully expressed in the patent.

SEC. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That whenever any adverse claimants to any mine located and claimed as aforesaid shall appear before the approval of the survey, as provided in the third section of this act, all proceedings shall be stayed until a final settlement and adjudication in the courts of competent jurisdiction of the rights of possession to such claim, when a patent may issue as in other cases.

SEC. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That the President of the United States be, and is hereby, authorized to establish additional land districts and to appoint the necessary officers under existing laws, wherever he may deem the same necessary for the public convenience in executing the provisions of this act.

SEC. 8. *And be it further enacted*, That the right of way for the construction of highways over public lands, not reserved for public uses, is hereby granted. Right of way for highways.

SEC. 9. *And be it further enacted*, That whenever, by priority of possession, rights to the use of water for mining, agricultural, manufacturing, or other purposes, have vested and accrued, and the same are recognized and acknowledged by the local customs, laws, and the decisions of courts, the possessors and owners of such vested rights shall be maintained and protected in the same; and the right of way for the construction of ditches and canals for the purposes aforesaid is hereby acknowledged and confirmed: *Provided, however*, That whenever, after the passage of this act, any person or persons shall, in the construction of any ditch or canal, injure or damage the possession of any settler on the public domain, the party committing such injury or damage shall be liable to the party injured for such injury or damage. Owners of vested rights to use of water for mining, &c. to be protected, and right of way for canals and ditches granted.

SEC. 10. *And be it further enacted*, That wherever, prior to the passage of this act, upon the lands heretofore designated as mineral lands, which have been excluded from survey and sale, there have been homesteads made by citizens of the United States, or persons who have declared their intention to become citizens, which homesteads have been made, improved, and used for agricultural purposes, and upon which there have been no valuable mines of gold, silver, cinnabar, or copper discovered, and which are properly agricultural lands, the said settlers or owners of such homesteads shall have a right of pre-emption thereto, and shall be entitled to purchase the same at the price of one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre, and in quantity not to exceed one hundred and sixty-acres; or said parties may avail themselves of the provisions of the act of Congress approved May twenty, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, entitled "An act to secure homesteads to actual settlers on the public domain," and acts amendatory thereof. Owners of homesteads made upon lands designated as mineral, in which no valuable mines of gold, &c. have been found, &c. may pre-empt the same, &c.;

SEC. 11. *And be it further enacted*, That upon the survey of the lands aforesaid, the Secretary of the Interior may designate and set apart such portions of the said lands as are clearly agricultural lands, which lands shall thereafter be subject to pre-emption and sale as other public lands of the United States, and subject to all the laws and regulations applicable to the same. or may take them as homesteads. 1862, ch. 75. Vol XII. p. 392.

APPROVED, July 26, 1866.

CHAP. CCLXIII. — *An Act to authorize "The Chesapeake Bay and Potomac River Tide-water Canal Company" to enter the District of Columbia, and extend their Canal to the Anacostia River at any Point above Benning's Bridge.* July 26, 1866.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That "The Chesapeake Bay and Potomac River Tide-water Canal Company," incorporated by the general assembly of the State of Maryland, at the January session thereof, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, by an act entitled "An act to incorporate the Chesapeake Bay and Potomac River Tide-water Canal Company," be, and the same are hereby, authorized to extend their canal from the point where it strikes the boundary line of the District of Columbia, thence in and through the said District to the Anacostia River at any point thereon above Benning's bridge. The Chesapeake Bay, &c. Canal Company may extend its canal to Anacostia River,

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the said company are hereby authorized and empowered to take, purchase, and hold, for the purpose[s] of this act, so much real estate and other property as shall be necessarily required for the proper construction of the extension aforesaid, and for the construction of all proper and convenient basins, locks, reservoirs, docks, and wharves, to be connected with said extension. And where the said company shall not be able to procure such real estate by purchase may take and hold property necessary for proper construction of extension, &c.

Proceedings where land can-